

Science (SCI)

SCI 150 INTRODUCTION TO CAREERS IN HEALTH PROFESSIONS (1)

Lecture, 1 hour. An introduction to careers and current issues in the health professions. The professions examined generally require a bachelor's degree before being accepted into a graduate-level health professions program such as medicine, osteopathic medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine, optometry, pharmacy, physician assistant, podiatry, chiropractic medicine, genetic counseling, hospital administration, public health, clinical laboratory scientist, nursing, physical or occupational therapy, etc. Cr/NC only.

SCI 308 KNOWLEDGE AND VALUES IN SCIENCE (3)

Sociology (SOC)

SOCI 201 INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY (3)

A general overview of the concepts, theories, research methods, and findings of sociology. The purpose is to train students to view the world through a sociological perspective. Satisfies GE Level D1 (Individual and Society).

SOCI 263 SOCIOLOGY OF RACE AND ETHNICITY (4)

This course examines race and ethnic relations in the US from a theoretical, historical, and comparative perspective. Explores the emergence of racial and ethnic minorities through such historical processes as colonialism, slavery, and immigration. Studies the current relations among racial and ethnic groups in the US. Satisfies GE Area D1 (Individual and Society), Ethnic Studies.

SOCI 300 SOCIOLOGICAL RESEARCH METHODS (4)

Consideration of the ways in which sociological questions are formulated and answered. Examination of and practice in conceptualization, theory construction, deductive and inductive reasoning, and other elements of sociological analysis, with an emphasis upon sociological research methods. Required for majors.

SOCI 301 STATISTICS FOR SOCIOLOGISTS (4)

Introduction to descriptive and inferential statistics for the social sciences. Emphasis on the integration of statistical analysis with sociological approaches to theory, research design, data collection, and presentation of quantitative research. Introduction to statistical analysis software in lab setting. Recommended for majors. Grade only.

SOCI 306 CAREERS IN SOCIOLOGY (4)

Explores and investigates careers related to sociology from a sociological perspective, particularly careers undergraduate students can enter. Careers explored across four areas: private/for-profit sector, nonprofit/foundations, public sector (city, county, state, and federal government), and academia (including graduate school). Professional skills and professional portfolio also developed.

SOCI 312 SOCIOLOGY OF GENDER (4)

Considers gender as a social construction and a product of social life. Analyzes how gender inequalities shape social structures, institutions, and interaction for both women and men. Challenges biological explanations for gender differences and inequalities. Focuses on analysis of gendered experiences as they relate to race/ethnicity, class, and sexualities.

SOCI 314 DEVIANT BEHAVIOR (4)

The social causes and consequences of insanity, delinquency, criminality, addiction, social unconventionality and other "deviant" behavior. Examines the conversion and commitment to deviant world views, and the social processes involved in the transformation to a deviant identity. Cross-listed as CCJS 441.

SOCI 315 SOCIALIZATION (4)

Analysis of the social processes through which human beings are inducted into social groups, in both childhood and adulthood. Particular attention is given to the socializing effects of schools, work, family, and friends.

SOCI 317 EMOTIONS AND ADULT LIFE (4)

Emphasizes the social context and social development of emotional responses throughout adulthood. Analyzes the reciprocal relations between social definitions and subjective feelings in connection with life events. Addresses both basic emotions such as fear, anger, pleasure, and excitement, and the more complex emotions such as love, jealousy, grief, sympathy, pride, shame, and despair. Cross-listed as GERN 317. Satisfies GE Area E (Integrated Person).

SOCI 319 AGING AND SOCIETY (4)

Examination of aging throughout adulthood. Analysis of theories of aging, their foundations in social science theory, and their policy implications. Exploration of the meanings and consequences of increasing longevity for society and the individual, with emphasis on the social psychological implications for women, minorities, and those who are poor. Cross-listed as GERN 319. Satisfies GE Area D1 (Individual and Society).